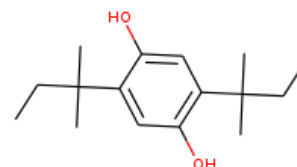


1,4-Benzenediol, 2,5-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)-

Other names: 2,5-Bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)-1,4-benzenediol;
2,5-Bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)hydroquinone; 2,5-Di-t-amyl-p-hydroquinone;
2,5-Di-t-amylhydroquinone; 2,5-Di-t-pentylhydroquinone;
2,5-Di-tert-amylbenzene-1,4-diol; 2,5-Di-tert-amylhydroquinone;
2,5-Di-tert-pentylbenzene-1,4-diol; 2,5-Di-tert-pentylhydroquinone; Antage
DAH; DAHQ; Hydroquinone, 2,5-di-t-pentyl-; Hydroquinone,
2,5-di-tert-amyl-; Hydroquinone, 2,5-di-tert-pentyl-; Lowinox AH25; NSC
455; Santouar A; Santovar A; USAF B-21.



InChI: InChI=1S/C16H26O2/c1-7-15(3,4)11-9-14(18)12(10-13(11)17)16(5,6)8-2/h9-10,17-18H,7-8H2,1-6H3

InChI Key: CZNRFEXEPBITDS-UHFFFAOYSA-N

Formula: C16H26O2

SMILES: CCC(C)(C)c1cc(O)c(C(C)(C)CC)cc1O

Molecular Weight: 250.38

CAS: 79-74-3

Physical Properties

Property	Value	Unit	Source
$\Delta_f G^\circ$	-116.94	kJ/mol	Joback Method
$\Delta_f H^\circ_{\text{gas}}$	-520.63	kJ/mol	Joback Method
$\Delta_{\text{fus}} H^\circ$	27.59	kJ/mol	Joback Method
$\Delta_{\text{vap}} H^\circ$	77.58	kJ/mol	Joback Method
$\log P_{\text{oct/wat}}$	4.47		Crippen Method
P_c	2263.26	kPa	Joback Method
T_{boil}	751.92	K	Joback Method
T_c	981.44	K	Joback Method
T_{fus}	537.30	K	Joback Method
V_c	0.73	m ³ /kg-mol	Joback Method

Temperature Dependent Properties

Property	Value	Unit	Temperature (K)	Source
$C_{p,\text{gas}}$	673.63	J/mol×K	751.92	Joback Method

Property	Value	Unit	Temperature (K)	Source
η	0.00	Paxs	751.92	Joback Method

Sources

Joback Method: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Joback_method

NIST Webbook: [http://webbook.nist.gov/cgi/inchi/InChI=1S/C16H26O2/c1-7-15\(3,4\)11-9-14\(18\)12\(10-13\(11\)17\)16\(5,6\)8-2/h9-10,17-18H,7-8H2,1-6H3](http://webbook.nist.gov/cgi/inchi/InChI=1S/C16H26O2/c1-7-15(3,4)11-9-14(18)12(10-13(11)17)16(5,6)8-2/h9-10,17-18H,7-8H2,1-6H3)

Crippen Method: <http://pubs.acs.org/doi/abs/10.1021/ci9903071>

Legend

$C_{p,gas}$: Ideal gas heat capacity (J/mol×K).

η : Dynamic viscosity (Paxs).

$\Delta_f G^\circ$: Standard Gibbs free energy of formation (kJ/mol).

$\Delta_f H^\circ_{gas}$: Enthalpy of formation at standard conditions (kJ/mol).

$\Delta_{fus} H^\circ$: Enthalpy of fusion at standard conditions (kJ/mol).

$\Delta_{vap} H^\circ$: Enthalpy of vaporization at standard conditions (kJ/mol).

$\log P_{oct/wat}$: Octanol/Water partition coefficient .

P_c : Critical Pressure (kPa).

T_{boil} : Normal Boiling Point Temperature (K).

T_c : Critical Temperature (K).

T_{fus} : Normal melting (fusion) point (K).

V_c : Critical Volume (m³/kg-mol).

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