

«alpha»-D-Cellobiose octaacetate

Other names: Cellobiose octaacetate; Cellobiose, octaacetate alpha, d-; Cellobiose, octaacetate, «alpha»-; Cellobiose, octaacetate, «alpha»-D-; D-Cellobiose octaacetate; Octaacetyl-«alpha»-cellobiose; alpha-D-Cellobiose octaacetate; «alpha»-D-Glucopyranose, 4-O-(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-acetyl-«beta»-D-glucopyranosyl)-, tetraacetate.

InChI: InChI=1S/C28H38O19/c1-11(29)37-9-19-21(39-13(3)31)23(40-14(4)32)26(43-17(7)35)28(46-19)47-22-20(10-38-12(2)30)45-27(44-18(8)36)25(42-16(6)34)24(22)41-15(5)33/h19-28H,9-10H2,1-8H3/t19-,20-,21-,22-,23+,24+,25-,26-,27+,28+/m0/s1

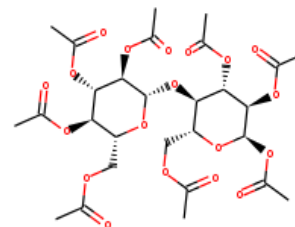
InChI Key: WOTQVEKSRLZRSX-GCUFADGCSA-N

Formula: C₂₈H₃₈O₁₉

SMILES: CC(=O)OCC1OC(OC2C(COC(C)=O)OC(OC(C)=O)C(OC(C)=O)C2OC(C)=O)C(OC(C)=O)C(OC(C)=O)C1OC(C)=O

Molecular Weight: 678.59

CAS: 5346-90-7



Physical Properties

Property	Value	Unit	Source
$\Delta_f G^\circ$	-1976.50	kJ/mol	Joback Method
$\Delta_f H^\circ_{\text{gas}}$	-3029.95	kJ/mol	Joback Method
$\Delta_{\text{fus}} H^\circ$	99.96	kJ/mol	Joback Method
$\Delta_{\text{vap}} H^\circ$	160.99	kJ/mol	Joback Method
$\log P_{\text{oct/wat}}$	-0.831		Crippen Method
P_c	851.47	kPa	Joback Method
T_{boil}	1528.42	K	Joback Method
T_c	2047.08	K	Joback Method
T_{fus}	1038.81	K	Joback Method
V_c	1.714	m ³ /kg-mol	Joback Method

Temperature Dependent Properties

Property	Value	Unit	Temperature (K)	Source
$C_{p,\text{gas}}$	1350.50	J/mol×K	1528.42	Joback Method

Property	Value	Unit	Temperature (K)	Source
η	0.0000112	Paxs	1528.42	Joback Method

Sources

Joback Method: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Joback_method

NIST Webbook: [http://webbook.nist.gov/cgi/inchi/InChI=1S/C28H38O19/c1-11\(29\)37-9-19-21\(39-13\(3\)31\)23\(40-14\(4\)32\)26\(43-17\(7\)35\)28\(46-19\)47-22-20\(10-38-12\(2\)30\)45-27\(44-18\(8\)36\)25\(42-16\(6\)34\)24\(22\)41-15\(5\)33/h19-28H,9-10H2,1-8H3/t19-,20-,21-,22-,23+,24+,25-,26-,27+,28+/m0/s1](http://webbook.nist.gov/cgi/inchi/InChI=1S/C28H38O19/c1-11(29)37-9-19-21(39-13(3)31)23(40-14(4)32)26(43-17(7)35)28(46-19)47-22-20(10-38-12(2)30)45-27(44-18(8)36)25(42-16(6)34)24(22)41-15(5)33/h19-28H,9-10H2,1-8H3/t19-,20-,21-,22-,23+,24+,25-,26-,27+,28+/m0/s1)

Crippen Method: <http://pubs.acs.org/doi/abs/10.1021/ci9903071>

Legend

$C_{p,gas}$: Ideal gas heat capacity (J/mol×K).

η : Dynamic viscosity (Paxs).

$\Delta_f G^\circ$: Standard Gibbs free energy of formation (kJ/mol).

$\Delta_f H^\circ_{gas}$: Enthalpy of formation at standard conditions (kJ/mol).

$\Delta_{fus} H^\circ$: Enthalpy of fusion at standard conditions (kJ/mol).

$\Delta_{vap} H^\circ$: Enthalpy of vaporization at standard conditions (kJ/mol).

$\log P_{oct/wat}$: Octanol/Water partition coefficient .

P_c : Critical Pressure (kPa).

T_{boil} : Normal Boiling Point Temperature (K).

T_c : Critical Temperature (K).

T_{fus} : Normal melting (fusion) point (K).

V_c : Critical Volume (m³/kg-mol).

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