

Docosane

Other names:	Normal-docosane n-Docosane
Inchi:	InChI=1S/C22H46/c1-3-5-7-9-11-13-15-17-19-21-22-20-18-16-14-12-10-8-6-4-2/h3-22H2
InchiKey:	HOWGUJZVBDQJKV-UHFFFAOYSA-N
Formula:	C22H46
SMILES:	CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
Mol. weight [g/mol]:	310.60
CAS:	629-97-0

Physical Properties

Property code	Value	Unit	Source
gf	134.36	kJ/mol	Joback Method
hf	-497.41	kJ/mol	Joback Method
hfus	52.74	kJ/mol	Joback Method
hvap	114.90 ± 0.30	kJ/mol	NIST Webbook
hvap	115.60 ± 1.90	kJ/mol	NIST Webbook
hvap	115.60	kJ/mol	NIST Webbook
hvap	111.90	kJ/mol	NIST Webbook
log10ws	-9.03		Crippen Method
logp	8.828		Crippen Method
mcvol	320.840	ml/mol	McGowan Method
pc	1000.00 ± 200.00	kPa	NIST Webbook
pc	982.00 ± 40.00	kPa	NIST Webbook
pc	980.00	kPa	KDB
rinpol	374.90		NIST Webbook
rinpol	374.90		NIST Webbook
rinpol	362.61		NIST Webbook
rinpol	374.90		NIST Webbook
rinpol	356.14		NIST Webbook
tb	641.80	K	NIST Webbook
tc	763.15 ± 10.00	K	NIST Webbook
tc	785.60 ± 3.00	K	NIST Webbook
tc	786.00 ± 8.00	K	NIST Webbook
tc	786.00	K	KDB

tc	787.00	K	Critical temperatures and pressures of C40, C44, and C60 normal alkanes measured by the pulse-heating technique
tf	337.70	K	Joback Method
tt	315.20 ± 1.00	K	NIST Webbook
tt	317.22	K	Magnetic effect on the phase transitions of n-docosane by means of a high resolution and super-sensitive DSC
tt	315.60	K	Thermal conductivity of heavy, even-carbon number n-alkanes (C22 to C32)
vc	1.268	m ³ /kmol	Joback Method

Temperature Dependent Properties

Property code	Value	Unit	Temperature [K]	Source
cpg	1062.09	J/mol×K	839.25	Joback Method
cpg	962.02	J/mol×K	702.76	Joback Method
cpg	1004.72	J/mol×K	757.36	Joback Method
cpg	1024.70	J/mol×K	784.66	Joback Method
cpg	1043.81	J/mol×K	811.95	Joback Method
cpg	1079.56	J/mol×K	866.55	Joback Method
cpg	983.83	J/mol×K	730.06	Joback Method
cpl	739.00	J/mol×K	353.00	NIST Webbook
cps	468.00	J/mol×K	300.00	NIST Webbook
cps	563.60	J/mol×K	299.00	NIST Webbook
dvisc	0.0010030	Paxs	398.54	Joback Method
dvisc	0.0001534	Paxs	581.07	Joback Method
dvisc	0.0001040	Paxs	641.92	Joback Method
dvisc	0.0029440	Paxs	337.70	Joback Method
dvisc	0.0000755	Paxs	702.76	Joback Method
dvisc	0.0004545	Paxs	459.39	Joback Method
dvisc	0.0002478	Paxs	520.23	Joback Method
hfust	49.10	kJ/mol	316.60	NIST Webbook
hfust	47.84	kJ/mol	316.10	NIST Webbook
hfust	29.51	kJ/mol	315.20	NIST Webbook
hfust	47.84	kJ/mol	316.10	NIST Webbook
hfust	78.50	kJ/mol	316.90	NIST Webbook
hsubt	172.60 ± 2.00	kJ/mol	391.00	NIST Webbook
hvapt	124.00 ± 2.00	kJ/mol	391.00	NIST Webbook

hvapt	89.90	kJ/mol	424.00	NIST Webbook
hvapt	100.90	kJ/mol	407.50	NIST Webbook
hvapt	91.30	kJ/mol	536.50	NIST Webbook
hvapt	111.90	kJ/mol	298.15	Vapor Pressures and Vaporization Enthalpies of the n-Alkanes from C21 to C30 at T = 298.15 K by Correlation Gas Chromatography
hvapt	110.00	kJ/mol	298.00	A Comparison of Results by Correlation Gas Chromatography with Another Gas Chromatographic Retention Time Technique. The Effects of Retention Time Coincidence on Vaporization Enthalpy and Vapor Pressure
hvapt	84.30	kJ/mol	513.00	NIST Webbook
sfust	151.36	J/molxK	316.10	NIST Webbook
sfust	93.62	J/molxK	315.20	NIST Webbook
srf	0.03	N/m	343.15	Surface tension of decane binary and ternary mixtures with eicosane, docosane and tetracosane
srf	0.03	N/m	333.15	Surface tension of decane binary and ternary mixtures with eicosane, docosane and tetracosane
srf	0.03	N/m	323.15	Surface tension of decane binary and ternary mixtures with eicosane, docosane and tetracosane

Correlations

Information	Value
Property code	pvap

Equation	$\ln(P_{vp}) = A + B/T + C \cdot \ln(T) + D \cdot T^2$
Coeff. A	1.28366e+02
Coeff. B	-1.54319e+04
Coeff. C	-1.57784e+01
Coeff. D	5.23129e-06
Temperature range (K), min.	431.15
Temperature range (K), max.	649.15

Sources

Thermal conductivity of heavy, even-carbon number n-alkanes (C22 to C32), surface tension of decane binary and ternary mixtures with eicosane, magnetic effect on the phase transitions of n-docosane by means of Van der Waals and vapor sensitive Enthalpies of the n-Alkanes from C21 to C30 at T = 298.15 K by Correlation Gas Chromatography: NIST Webbook:

<https://www.doi.org/10.1016/j.fluid.2018.08.016>

<https://www.doi.org/10.1021/je050024r>

<https://www.doi.org/10.1016/j.tca.2013.08.001>

<https://www.doi.org/10.1021/je0301747>

<https://www.therc.org/files/research/kdb/mol/mol22.mol>

<http://webbook.nist.gov/cgi/cbook.cgi?ID=C629970&Units=SI>

McGowan Method:

<http://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF02311772>

A Comparison of Results by Correlation Gas Chromatography with Critical Temperatures and Pressures of Benzene and Carbon Dioxide Effects on the Vaporization of Binary and Ternary Mixtures Simulating Pressure Mixture (Cyclonexane+ Hexadecane): Crippen Method:

<https://www.doi.org/10.1021/acs.jced.5b00444>

<https://www.doi.org/10.1016/j.fluid.2014.07.017>

<https://www.doi.org/10.1021/acs.jced.5b00331>

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Joback_method

<http://pubs.acs.org/doi/abs/10.1021/ci990307i>

KDB Vapor Pressure Data:

<https://www.therc.org/research/kdb/hcprop/showprop.php?cmpid=22>

Crippen Method:

https://www.chemeo.com/doc/models/crippen_log10ws

Legend

cp_g:	Ideal gas heat capacity
cp_l:	Liquid phase heat capacity
cp_s:	Solid phase heat capacity
d_{visc}:	Dynamic viscosity
g_f:	Standard Gibbs free energy of formation
h_f:	Enthalpy of formation at standard conditions
h_{fus}:	Enthalpy of fusion at standard conditions
h_{fust}:	Enthalpy of fusion at a given temperature
h_{subt}:	Enthalpy of sublimation at a given temperature
h_{vap}:	Enthalpy of vaporization at standard conditions
h_{vapt}:	Enthalpy of vaporization at a given temperature

log10ws:	Log10 of Water solubility in mol/l
logp:	Octanol/Water partition coefficient
mcvol:	McGowan's characteristic volume
pc:	Critical Pressure
pvap:	Vapor pressure
rinpola:	Non-polar retention indices
sfust:	Entropy of fusion at a given temperature
srf:	Surface Tension
tb:	Normal Boiling Point Temperature
tc:	Critical Temperature
tf:	Normal melting (fusion) point
tt:	Triple Point Temperature
vc:	Critical Volume

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