

# 5-Chlorosalicylic acid

**Other names:** 2-Hydroxy-5-chlorobenzoic acid; 5 CSA; 5-Chloro-2-hydroxybenzoic acid; 5-Chlorosalicylic acid; Salicylic acid, 5-chloro-.

**InChI:**

InChI=1S/C7H5ClO3/c8-4-1-2-6(9)5(3-4)7(10)11/h1-3,9H,(H,10,11)

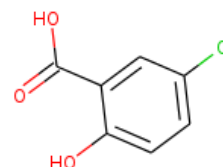
**InChI Key:** NKBASRXWGAGQDP-UHFFFAOYSA-N

**Formula:** C7H5ClO3

**SMILES:** O=C(O)c1cc(Cl)ccc1O

**Molecular Weight:** 172.57

**CAS:** 321-14-2



## Physical Properties

Property	Value	Unit	Source
$\Delta_f G^\circ$	-321.45	kJ/mol	Joback Method
$\Delta_f H^\circ_{\text{gas}}$	-420.61	kJ/mol	Joback Method
$\Delta_{\text{fus}} H^\circ$	23.21	kJ/mol	Joback Method
$\Delta_{\text{vap}} H^\circ$	74.94	kJ/mol	Joback Method
$\log P_{\text{oct/wat}}$	1.74		Crippen Method
$P_c$	5853.95	kPa	Joback Method
$T_{\text{boil}}$	655.32	K	Joback Method
$T_c$	879.90	K	Joback Method
$T_{\text{fus}}$	459.98	K	Joback Method
$V_c$	0.36	m <sup>3</sup> /kg-mol	Joback Method

## Temperature Dependent Properties

Property	Value	Unit	Temperature (K)	Source
$C_{p,\text{gas}}$	249.69	J/mol×K	655.32	Joback Method
$\eta$	0.00	Paxs	655.32	Joback Method

## Sources

**Joback Method:** [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Joback\\_method](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Joback_method)

**NIST Webbook:**

[http://webbook.nist.gov/cgi/inchi/InChI=1S/C7H5ClO3/c8-4-1-2-6\(9\)5\(3-4\)7\(10\)11/h1-3,9H,\(H,10,11\)](http://webbook.nist.gov/cgi/inchi/InChI=1S/C7H5ClO3/c8-4-1-2-6(9)5(3-4)7(10)11/h1-3,9H,(H,10,11))

**Crippen Method:** <http://pubs.acs.org/doi/abs/10.1021/ci990307l>

## Legend

$C_{p,gas}$ : Ideal gas heat capacity (J/molxK).

$\eta$ : Dynamic viscosity (Paxs).

$\Delta_f G^\circ$ : Standard Gibbs free energy of formation (kJ/mol).

$\Delta_f H^\circ_{gas}$ : Enthalpy of formation at standard conditions (kJ/mol).

$\Delta_{fus} H^\circ$ : Enthalpy of fusion at standard conditions (kJ/mol).

$\Delta_{vap} H^\circ$ : Enthalpy of vaporization at standard conditions (kJ/mol).

$logP_{oct/wat}$ : Octanol/Water partition coefficient .

$P_c$ : Critical Pressure (kPa).

$T_{boil}$ : Normal Boiling Point Temperature (K).

$T_c$ : Critical Temperature (K).

$T_{fus}$ : Normal melting (fusion) point (K).

$V_c$ : Critical Volume (m<sup>3</sup>/kg-mol).

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