

1-Nonyne

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|-----------------------------|---|
| Other names: | 1-C9H16 heptylacetylene non-1-yne |
| Inchi: | InChI=1S/C9H16/c1-3-5-7-9-8-6-4-2/h1H,4-9H2,2H3 |
| InchiKey: | OSSQSXOTMIGBCF-UHFFFAOYSA-N |
| Formula: | C9H16 |
| SMILES: | C#CCCCCC |
| Mol. weight [g/mol]: | 124.22 |
| CAS: | 3452-09-3 |

Physical Properties

| Property code | Value | Unit | Source |
|---------------|--------------|--------|--------------------------------------|
| af | 0.3820 | | KDB |
| gf | 247.97 | kJ/mol | Joback Method |
| hcg | 5856.76 | kJ/mol | KDB |
| hcn | 5505.308 | kJ/mol | KDB |
| hf | 62.30 ± 3.00 | kJ/mol | NIST Webbook |
| hfus | 22.04 | kJ/mol | Joback Method |
| hvap | 35.49 | kJ/mol | Joback Method |
| ie | 9.93 ± 0.02 | eV | NIST Webbook |
| log10ws | -4.24 | | Estimated Solubility Method |
| log10ws | -4.24 | | Aqueous Solubility Prediction Method |
| logp | 2.980 | | Crippen Method |
| mcvol | 129.070 | ml/mol | McGowan Method |
| pc | 2670.00 | kPa | KDB |
| rinpol | 884.00 | | NIST Webbook |
| rinpol | 885.30 | | NIST Webbook |
| rinpol | 913.00 | | NIST Webbook |
| rinpol | 883.00 | | NIST Webbook |
| rinpol | 884.00 | | NIST Webbook |
| rinpol | 912.00 | | NIST Webbook |
| rinpol | 884.00 | | NIST Webbook |
| rinpol | 889.00 | | NIST Webbook |
| rinpol | 884.00 | | NIST Webbook |
| rinpol | 887.90 | | NIST Webbook |
| rinpol | 884.00 | | NIST Webbook |

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|--------|-----------|---------|--------------|
| rinpol | 888.50 | | NIST Webbook |
| ripol | 1135.00 | | NIST Webbook |
| ripol | 1132.00 | | NIST Webbook |
| ripol | 1134.00 | | NIST Webbook |
| ripol | 1147.90 | | NIST Webbook |
| ripol | 1133.00 | | NIST Webbook |
| tb | 424.00 | K | KDB |
| tc | 610.80 | K | KDB |
| tf | 223.00 | K | KDB |
| vc | 0.501 | m3/kmol | KDB |
| zc | 0.2636610 | | KDB |

Temperature Dependent Properties

| Property code | Value | Unit | Temperature [K] | Source |
|---------------|--------------|---------|-----------------|---------------|
| cpg | 245.83 | J/mol×K | 395.44 | Joback Method |
| cpg | 258.73 | J/mol×K | 424.49 | Joback Method |
| cpg | 271.09 | J/mol×K | 453.53 | Joback Method |
| cpg | 282.94 | J/mol×K | 482.58 | Joback Method |
| cpg | 294.28 | J/mol×K | 511.63 | Joback Method |
| cpg | 305.15 | J/mol×K | 540.67 | Joback Method |
| cpg | 315.54 | J/mol×K | 569.72 | Joback Method |
| hvapt | 45.60 ± 0.20 | kJ/mol | 392.00 | NIST Webbook |
| hvapt | 42.70 ± 0.20 | kJ/mol | 392.00 | NIST Webbook |
| hvapt | 39.70 ± 0.30 | kJ/mol | 392.00 | NIST Webbook |
| hvapt | 36.40 ± 0.50 | kJ/mol | 392.00 | NIST Webbook |
| rfi | 1.41950 | | 298.15 | KDB |

Correlations

| Information | Value |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Property code | pvap |
| Equation | $\ln(P_{vp}) = A + B/(T + C)$ |
| Coeff. A | 1.53731e+01 |
| Coeff. B | -3.92375e+03 |
| Coeff. C | -5.90110e+01 |
| Temperature range (K), min. | 319.11 |
| Temperature range (K), max. | 448.98 |

| Information | Value |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Property code | pvap |
| Equation | $\ln(P_{\text{vap}}) = A + B/T + C \cdot \ln(T) + D \cdot T^2$ |
| Coeff. A | 9.44707e+01 |
| Coeff. B | -8.15030e+03 |
| Coeff. C | -1.19523e+01 |
| Coeff. D | 9.23357e-06 |
| Temperature range (K), min. | 323.15 |
| Temperature range (K), max. | 610.81 |

Sources

Activity coefficients at infinite dilution of organic solutes in the ionic liquid Estimated Soltzman Method:
trifluoromethanesulfonate using gas liquid chromatography at T = (313.15, 323.15, and 333.15) K:
Activity coefficients at infinite dilution for solutes in the Mc Clellan Method:
bis(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)imide ionic liquid
Measurements of activity coefficients at infinite dilution of organic solutes in the ionic liquid:
1-ethyl-3-methylimidazolium
Activity coefficients at infinite dilution of organic solutes in the ionic liquid measured by gas chromatography using gas liquid chromatography at T = (313.15, 323.15, tetrafluoroethylene using gas liquid chromatography at T = (313.15, 323.15, 333.15) K:
Activity coefficients at infinite dilution of organic solutes in the ionic liquid
Chloro-3-methylimidazolium
hexafluoroantimonate using gas liquid chromatography at T = (313.15, 323.15, and 333.15) K:
Infinite dilution activity coefficients, specific retention volumes and
Activity coefficients at infinite dilution of organic solutes in the ionic liquid
alkane solvent
Yaws Handbook Method:
bis(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)imide using gas liquid chromatography at T = (313.15) K:
ionic liquid as a solvent for the ionic liquid
Different types of separations problem:
Pressure
From activity coefficients at infinite dilution measurement using (gas + liquid) chromatography technique:

Legend

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|------|---|
| af: | Acentric Factor |
| cpg: | Ideal gas heat capacity |
| gf: | Standard Gibbs free energy of formation |

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|-----------------|---|
| hcg: | Heat of Combustion, Gross form |
| hcn: | Heat of Combustion, Net Form |
| hf: | Enthalpy of formation at standard conditions |
| hfus: | Enthalpy of fusion at standard conditions |
| hvap: | Enthalpy of vaporization at standard conditions |
| hvapt: | Enthalpy of vaporization at a given temperature |
| ie: | Ionization energy |
| log10ws: | Log10 of Water solubility in mol/l |
| logp: | Octanol/Water partition coefficient |
| mcvol: | McGowan's characteristic volume |
| pc: | Critical Pressure |
| pvap: | Vapor pressure |
| rfi: | Refractive Index |
| rinpolt: | Non-polar retention indices |
| ripolt: | Polar retention indices |
| tb: | Normal Boiling Point Temperature |
| tc: | Critical Temperature |
| tf: | Normal melting (fusion) point |
| vc: | Critical Volume |
| zc: | Critical Compressibility |

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