

# 2-Furancarboxylic acid

<b>Other names:</b>	.alpha.-furancarboxylic acid .alpha.-furoic acid 2-Carboxyfurane 2-Furanoic acid 2-Furoic acid 2-furancarboxilic acid Furan-2-carboxylic acid Furancarboxylic acid-(2) Furoic acid Furoica Kyselina 2-furoova Kyselina pyroslizova NSC 8842 Pyromucic acid «alpha»-Furancarboxylic acid «alpha»-Furoic acid Â«alphaÂ»-Furancarboxylic acid Â«alphaÂ»-Furoic acid
<b>Inchi:</b>	InChI=1S/C5H4O3/c6-5(7)4-2-1-3-8-4/h1-3H,(H,6,7)
<b>InchiKey:</b>	SMNDYUVBFMFKNZ-UHFFFAOYSA-N
<b>Formula:</b>	C5H4O3
<b>SMILES:</b>	O=C(O)c1ccco1
<b>Mol. weight [g/mol]:</b>	112.08
<b>CAS:</b>	88-14-2

## Physical Properties

Property code	Value	Unit	Source
hsub	88.40 ± 1.50	kJ/mol	NIST Webbook
ie	9.32	eV	NIST Webbook
ie	9.16 ± 0.05	eV	NIST Webbook
ie	9.17	eV	NIST Webbook
log10ws	-0.49		Aqueous Solubility Prediction Method
logp	0.978		Crippen Method
mvol	75.160	ml/mol	McGowan Method
rinpol	1087.80		NIST Webbook
tb	504.20	K	NIST Webbook

tf	405.15 ± 0.70	K	NIST Webbook
tf	406.65 ± 1.00	K	NIST Webbook
tf	403.55	K	Measurement and Correlation of Solubility and Dissolution Thermodynamic Properties of Furan-2-carboxylic Acid in Pure and Binary Solvents
tf	405.48	K	Aqueous Solubility Prediction Method

## Temperature Dependent Properties

Property code	Value	Unit	Temperature [K]	Source
cps	132.26	J/mol×K	298.15	Evaluation of sublimation enthalpy by thermogravimetry: Analysis of the diffusion effects in the case of methyl and phenyl substituted hydantoins
hfust	22.60	kJ/mol	402.50	NIST Webbook
hsubt	108.40 ± 2.20	kJ/mol	322.50	NIST Webbook

## Pressure Dependent Properties

Property code	Value	Unit	Pressure [kPa]	Source
tbrp	415.70	K	2.70	NIST Webbook

## Sources

**Aqueous Solubility Prediction Method:** <http://onschallenge.wikispaces.com/file/view/AqueousDataset002.xlsx/351826032/AqueousDa>

**McGowan Method:** <http://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF02311772>

**NIST Webbook:** <http://webbook.nist.gov/cgi/cbook.cgi?ID=C88142&Units=SI>

**Crippen Method:** <http://pubs.acs.org/doi/abs/10.1021/ci9903071>

**Evaluation of sublimation enthalpy by thermogravimetry: Analysis of the diffusion effects in the case of methyl and phenyl substituted hydantoins:** <https://www.doi.org/10.1016/j.tca.2017.06.024>

Mutual Influence of Furfural and  
Furancarboxylic Acids on Their  
Measurements and Correlation of  
Solubility and Partition Coefficients  
Equilibrium and Dissociation-Chain  
Transfer as a Function of Theory  
of the Thermodynamic Properties of  
Furancarboxylic Acids in Pure and  
Binary Solvents:

<https://www.doi.org/10.1021/acs.jced.7b01039>

<https://www.doi.org/10.1021/je500012b>

## Legend

<b>cps:</b>	Solid phase heat capacity
<b>hfust:</b>	Enthalpy of fusion at a given temperature
<b>hsub:</b>	Enthalpy of sublimation at standard conditions
<b>hsubt:</b>	Enthalpy of sublimation at a given temperature
<b>ie:</b>	Ionization energy
<b>log10ws:</b>	Log10 of Water solubility in mol/l
<b>logp:</b>	Octanol/Water partition coefficient
<b>mcvol:</b>	McGowan's characteristic volume
<b>rinpol:</b>	Non-polar retention indices
<b>tb:</b>	Normal Boiling Point Temperature
<b>tbrp:</b>	Boiling point at reduced pressure
<b>tf:</b>	Normal melting (fusion) point

Latest version available from:

<https://www.chemeo.com/cid/65-788-6/2-Furancarboxylic-acid.pdf>

Generated by Cheméo on 2024-04-26 14:52:10.047222183 +0000 UTC m=+16432378.967799495.

Cheméo (<https://www.chemeo.com>) is the biggest free database of chemical and physical data for the process industry.