

«beta» Carotene

Other names:	(1E,3E,5E,7E,9E,11E,13E,15E,17E)-3,7,12,16-tetramethyl-1,18-bis(2,6,6-trimethyl-1-cyclohexen-1-yl)-1,1'-bicyclopentyl-1,1'-diene (all-E)-1,1'-(3,7,12,16-Tetramethyl-1,3,5,7,9,11,13,15,17-octadecanonaene-1,18-diyl)bis(2,6,6-trimethyl-1-cyclohexen-1-yl) .beta.-carotene Beta-yl Betacyt Betacarotene C.I. 75130 C.I. Food Orange 5 Carotaben Carotene, «beta» Cyclohexene, 1,1'-(3,7,12,16-tetramethyl-1,3,5,7,9,11,13,15,17-octadecanonaene-1,18-diyl)bis[2,6,6-trimethyl-1-cyclohexen-1-yl] Food Orange 5 (all-E)- KPMK Karotin Lucaratin NSC 62794 Natural yellow 26 Provatene Provitamin A Serlabo Solatene Zlut prirodni 26 all-E-«beta»-Carotene all-trans-«beta»-Carotene beta,beta-Carotene trans-«beta»-Carotene «beta»,«beta»-Carotene «beta»-Carotene, all-trans-
Inchi:	InChI=1S/C40H56/c1-31(19-13-21-33(3)25-27-37-35(5)23-15-29-39(37,7)8)17-11-12-18-20-32-34-36-38-40
InchiKey:	OENHQHLEOONYIE-JLTXGRSLSA-N
Formula:	C40H56
SMILES:	CC(C=CC=C(C)C=CC1=C(C)CCCC1(C)C)=CC=CC=C(C)C=CC=C(C)C=CC1=C(C)CCCC1(C)C
Mol. weight [g/mol]:	536.87
CAS:	7235-40-7

Physical Properties

Property code	Value	Unit	Source
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gf	1033.02	kJ/mol	Joback Method
hf	355.69	kJ/mol	Joback Method
hfus	67.90	kJ/mol	Joback Method
hvap	106.36	kJ/mol	Joback Method
ie	6.50	eV	NIST Webbook
log10ws	-14.26		Crippen Method
logp	12.606		Crippen Method
mcvol	505.440	ml/mol	McGowan Method
pc	607.26	kPa	Joback Method
tb	1209.38	K	Joback Method
tc	1480.86	K	Joback Method
tf	553.16	K	Joback Method
vc	1.933	m3/kmol	Joback Method

Temperature Dependent Properties

Property code	Value	Unit	Temperature [K]	Source
cpg	1963.97	J/mol×K	1209.38	Joback Method
cpg	2029.84	J/mol×K	1254.63	Joback Method
cpg	2101.86	J/mol×K	1299.87	Joback Method
cpg	2180.85	J/mol×K	1345.12	Joback Method
cpg	2267.57	J/mol×K	1390.37	Joback Method
cpg	2362.84	J/mol×K	1435.61	Joback Method
cpg	2467.42	J/mol×K	1480.86	Joback Method
hfust	56.00	kJ/mol	456.00	NIST Webbook

Sources

Solubility of α -Carotene in Binary Solvents Formed by Some Hydrocarbons, Carotenes, Ethanol and triolein modified CO₂:
 Solubility of α -Carotene in Binary Solvents Formed by Some Hydrocarbons with 2,5,8-Trioxanonane, 2-Propanone, and Cyclohexanone: Crippen Method:

<https://www.doi.org/10.1021/je030165y>
<https://www.doi.org/10.1016/j.jct.2011.07.013>
<https://www.doi.org/10.1021/je060376d>
<http://webbook.nist.gov/cgi/cbook.cgi?ID=C7235407&Units=SI>
<http://pubs.acs.org/doi/abs/10.1021/ci990307l>
<https://www.doi.org/10.1021/je700125v>
<https://www.doi.org/10.1021/je400553y>
<http://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF02311772>
https://www.chemeo.com/doc/models/crippen_log10ws

High-Pressure Vapor-Liquid Equilibrium Data for Systems Involving Carbon Dioxide + Organic Solvent + Glyceryl Trioleate Mixture in Supercritical CO₂:
 Crippen Method:

Solubility of α -Carotene in Binary
Solvents Formed by Some
Hydrocarbons and Adsorption Equilibria
of α -Carotene in Supercritical and
Near-Critical Fluids
Carbon Dioxide Mixtures:
Joback Method:

<https://www.doi.org/10.1021/je0495583>

<https://www.doi.org/10.1021/je100229f>

<https://www.doi.org/10.1021/je700373r>

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Joback_method

Legend

cpg:	Ideal gas heat capacity
gf:	Standard Gibbs free energy of formation
hf:	Enthalpy of formation at standard conditions
hfus:	Enthalpy of fusion at standard conditions
hfust:	Enthalpy of fusion at a given temperature
hvap:	Enthalpy of vaporization at standard conditions
ie:	Ionization energy
log10ws:	Log10 of Water solubility in mol/l
logp:	Octanol/Water partition coefficient
mccvol:	McGowan's characteristic volume
pc:	Critical Pressure
tb:	Normal Boiling Point Temperature
tc:	Critical Temperature
tf:	Normal melting (fusion) point
vc:	Critical Volume

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