

# Benzoic acid, 4-pentyl-

**Other names:** 4-Amylbenzoic acid; 4-Pentylbenzoic acid; 4-n-Pentylbenzoic acid; Benzoic acid, p-pentyl-; NSC 169024; p-Amylbenzoic acid; p-Pentylbenzoic acid; p-n-Amylbenzoic acid; p-n-Pentylbenzoic acid; para-Pentylbenzoic acid.

**InChI:** InChI=1S/C12H16O2/c1-2-3-4-5-10-6-8-11(9-7-10)12(13)14/h6-9H,2-5H2,1H3,(H,13,14)

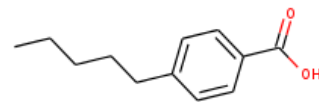
**InChI Key:** CWYNKKGQJYAHQG-UHFFFAOYSA-N

**Formula:** C12H16O2

**SMILES:** CCCCCc1ccc(C(=O)O)cc1

**Molecular Weight:** 192.25

**CAS:** 26311-45-5



## Physical Properties

Property	Value	Unit	Source
$\Delta_f G^\circ$	-112.80	kJ/mol	Joback Method
$\Delta_f H^\circ_{\text{gas}}$	-330.76	kJ/mol	Joback Method
$\Delta_{\text{fus}} H^\circ$	26.18	kJ/mol	Joback Method
$\Delta_{\text{sub}} H^\circ$	118.20 ± 1.00	kJ/mol	NIST Webbook
$\Delta_{\text{vap}} H^\circ$	68.67	kJ/mol	Joback Method
$\log P_{\text{oct/wat}}$	3.12		Crippen Method
$P_c$	2773.00	kPa	Joback Method
$T_{\text{boil}}$	651.67	K	Joback Method
$T_c$	847.74	K	Joback Method
$T_{\text{fus}}$	374.69	K	Joback Method
$V_c$	0.62	m <sup>3</sup> /kg-mol	Joback Method

## Temperature Dependent Properties

Property	Value	Unit	Temperature (K)	Source
$C_{p,\text{gas}}$	424.06	J/mol×K	651.67	Joback Method
$\eta$	0.00	Paxs	651.67	Joback Method

Property	Value	Unit	Temperature (K)	Source
$\Delta_{\text{fus}} H$	2.60	kJ/mol	252.0	NIST Webbook
$\Delta_{\text{fus}} H$	9.90	kJ/mol	362.0	NIST Webbook
$\Delta_{\text{fus}} H$	1.50	kJ/mol	395.0	NIST Webbook
$\Delta_{\text{fus}} S$	10.32	J/mol×K	252.0	NIST Webbook
$\Delta_{\text{fus}} S$	27.35	J/mol×K	362.0	NIST Webbook
$\Delta_{\text{fus}} S$	3.80	J/mol×K	395.0	NIST Webbook

## Sources

**Joback Method:** [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Joback\\_method](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Joback_method)

**NIST Webbook:** [http://webbook.nist.gov/cgi/inchi/InChI=1S/C12H16O2/c1-2-3-4-5-10-6-8-11\(9-7-10\)12\(13\)14/h6-9H,2-5H2,1H3,\(H,13,14\)](http://webbook.nist.gov/cgi/inchi/InChI=1S/C12H16O2/c1-2-3-4-5-10-6-8-11(9-7-10)12(13)14/h6-9H,2-5H2,1H3,(H,13,14))

**Crippen Method:** <http://pubs.acs.org/doi/abs/10.1021/ci9903071>

## Legend

$C_{p,\text{gas}}$ : Ideal gas heat capacity (J/mol×K).

$\eta$ : Dynamic viscosity (Pa×s).

$\Delta_f G^\circ$ : Standard Gibbs free energy of formation (kJ/mol).

$\Delta_f H^\circ_{\text{gas}}$ : Enthalpy of formation at standard conditions (kJ/mol).

$\Delta_{\text{fus}} H^\circ$ : Enthalpy of fusion at standard conditions (kJ/mol).

$\Delta_{\text{fus}} H$ : Enthalpy of fusion at a given temperature (kJ/mol).

$\Delta_{\text{sub}} H^\circ$ : Enthalpy of sublimation at standard conditions (kJ/mol).

$\Delta_{\text{vap}} H^\circ$ : Enthalpy of vaporization at standard conditions (kJ/mol).

$\log P_{\text{oct/wat}}$ : Octanol/Water partition coefficient .

$P_c$ : Critical Pressure (kPa).

$\Delta_{\text{fus}} S$ : Entropy of fusion at a given temperature (J/mol×K).

$T_{\text{boil}}$ : Normal Boiling Point Temperature (K).

$T_c$ : Critical Temperature (K).

$T_{\text{fus}}$ : Normal melting (fusion) point (K).

$V_c$ : Critical Volume (m<sup>3</sup>/kg-mol).

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