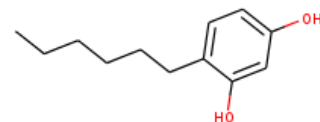


# Hexylresorcinol

**Other names:** 1,3-Benzenediol, 4-hexyl-; 1,3-Dihydroxy-4-Hexylbenzene; 1,3-Dihydroxy-4-n-hexylbenzene; 1-(2',4'-Dihydroxyphenyl)hexane; 4-(1-Hexyl)resorcinol; 4-Hexyl-1,3-benzenediol; 4-Hexyl-1,3-dihydroxybenzene; 4-Hexylresorcine; 4-Hexylresorcinol; 4-n-Hexylresorcinol; Adrover; Antascarine; Ascaricid; Ascarinol; Ascaryl; Caprokol; Crystoids; Cystoids Anthelmintic; Gelovermin; Hexylresorcin; Hidesol; Mycoderm; NCI-C55787; NSC 1570; Oxana; Prensol; Resorcinol, 4-hexyl-; S.T. 37; ST-37; Sucrets; Worm-agen; p-Hexylresorcinol.



**InChI:** InChI=1S/C12H18O2/c1-2-3-4-5-6-10-7-8-11(13)9-12(10)14/h7-9,13-14H,2-6H2,1H3

**InChI Key:** WFJIVOKAWHGMBH-UHFFFAOYSA-N

**Formula:** C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>2</sub>

**SMILES:** CCCCCCc1ccc(O)cc1O

**Molecular Weight:** 194.27

**CAS:** 136-77-6

## Physical Properties

Property	Value	Unit	Source
$\Delta_f G^\circ$	-146.67	kJ/mol	Joback Method
$\Delta_f H^\circ_{\text{gas}}$	-409.10	kJ/mol	Joback Method
$\Delta_{\text{fus}} H^\circ$	32.44	kJ/mol	Joback Method
$\Delta_{\text{vap}} H^\circ$	70.61	kJ/mol	Joback Method
$\log P_{\text{oct/wat}}$	3.22		Crippen Method
$P_c$	3299.15	kPa	Joback Method
$T_{\text{boil}}$	607.20	K	NIST Webbook
$T_{\text{boil}}$	452.20	K	NIST Webbook
$T_c$	882.46	K	Joback Method
$T_{\text{fus}}$	341.00 ± 0.10	K	NIST Webbook
$V_c$	0.53	m <sup>3</sup> /kg-mol	Joback Method

## Temperature Dependent Properties

Property	Value	Unit	Temperature (K)	Source
$C_{p,gas}$	458.64	J/mol×K	661.88	Joback Method
$\eta$	0.00	Paxs	661.88	Joback Method
$\Delta_{fus} H$	19.04	kJ/mol	341.5	NIST Webbook
$\Delta_{fus} H$	19.04	kJ/mol	341.5	NIST Webbook
$\Delta_{vap} H$	88.10	kJ/mol	464.0	NIST Webbook

## Sources

**Joback Method:** [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Joback\\_method](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Joback_method)

**NIST Webbook:** [http://webbook.nist.gov/cgi/inchi/InChI=1S/C12H18O2/c1-2-3-4-5-6-10-7-8-11\(13\)9-12\(10\)14/h7-9,13-14H,2-6H2,1H3](http://webbook.nist.gov/cgi/inchi/InChI=1S/C12H18O2/c1-2-3-4-5-6-10-7-8-11(13)9-12(10)14/h7-9,13-14H,2-6H2,1H3)

**Crippen Method:** <http://pubs.acs.org/doi/abs/10.1021/ci9903071>

## Legend

$C_{p,gas}$ : Ideal gas heat capacity (J/mol×K).

$\eta$ : Dynamic viscosity (Paxs).

$\Delta_f G^\circ$ : Standard Gibbs free energy of formation (kJ/mol).

$\Delta_f H^\circ_{gas}$ : Enthalpy of formation at standard conditions (kJ/mol).

$\Delta_{fus} H^\circ$ : Enthalpy of fusion at standard conditions (kJ/mol).

$\Delta_{fus} H$ : Enthalpy of fusion at a given temperature (kJ/mol).

$\Delta_{vap} H^\circ$ : Enthalpy of vaporization at standard conditions (kJ/mol).

$\Delta_{vap} H$ : Enthalpy of vaporization at a given temperature (kJ/mol).

$logP_{oct/wat}$ : Octanol/Water partition coefficient .

$P_c$ : Critical Pressure (kPa).

$T_{boil}$ : Normal Boiling Point Temperature (K).

$T_c$ : Critical Temperature (K).

$T_{fus}$ : Normal melting (fusion) point (K).

$V_c$ : Critical Volume (m<sup>3</sup>/kg-mol).

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